	Progression in Oracy across the curriculum										
	Physical Cogni Autumn 1		tive	Linguistic	Social & emotional	Co-	Co-op Academy Portland sentence stems to be used to support progression in language				
			Autumn 2		Spring 1		Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2		
Reception	Speak audibly so they can be heard and understood by a talk partner. Express needs clearly to a familiar adult or peer.		To maintain eye contact with a partner or familiar adult. Describe an experienced event to a partner including 'and' to elaborate. Know the names of the four strands of the framework.		Speak audibly so they can be her and understood in a trio. State their point of view simply larger group (up to 5). Look at the speaker.	y to a A. st U. in	se gestures to support meaning eg a recital. sk a relevant question about a tory. se the 'word of the day' accurately a conversation. ake turns in games and speaking.	Speak audibly so they can be heard and understood by the class. Eg in a plan, do, review session. Use 'because', 'then' 'but' when explaining their plan and outcomes.	To explain how or why something happened using 'because' or 'so'. To use 'if' and 'might' to explain how they could improve their work next time.		
Year 1	Speak clearly and confidently in a small group of known peers. Sequence events using the language of time or number. Begin to use sentence stems with some prompting.		Use non-verbal signals to indicate agreement or disagreement. Include 'because' in their contribution to justify ideas.		Speak clearly when presenting learning to the class. E.g. record a presentation for the showcase Use sentence stems independent even if not always appropriately.	ding Re e. se ntly Be	etell a story to a small group. ecognising when events are out of equence and self-correcting. e able to independently take turns nd ensure all members contribute.	Speak clearly and confidently when explaining displayed learning to an adult in the showcase. Recognise when the wrong stem has been used and choose a more appropriate one.	Speak clearly and confidently using a script e.g. live presentation in showcase. Request a book from the librarian. Explaining the title or topic and maintaining eye contact.		
Year 2	Using non-verbal signals confidently to indicate the contribution they wish to make. Agree, disagree or build. Choose the most appropriate stem independently.		Justify their agree/disagree choice with relevant explanations. Use technical, subject-specific vocabulary when explaining opinions.		Begin to understand the importa of posture when speaking. Use taught vocabulary independently, even if not always accurately.	th Re	Noderate tone and volume to match he audience. etell an event calmly in logical rder e.g. on the playground.	Maintain suitable posture throughout a spoken contribution. With support, identify a suitable question in response to a stimulus. Be able to change their mind in response to another person's argument. E.g. the opinion continuum.	Be aware of where to look or stand to ensure the audience can hear clearly. Take on the instigator role in a trio discussion. Include taught vocabulary appropriately and independently in discussions.		
Year 3	Vary tone of voice for humorous or sad parts of a story telling. Notice when someone has not contributed and invite them to speak.		Take on the challenger role in a small discussion. Be able to confidently change their mind e.g. opinion continuum.		Use awareness of audience to support choice of formal/inform language. Explain the purpose of their tal E.g. to discuss, entertain, inform instruct or persuade.	mal re D alk. no	ake part in a consensus circle and each a shared conclusion. eliver a short presentation (with otes) to an unfamiliar audience .	Explain reasoning in maths to the class in a logical way. Adapt explanation to suit audience reaction. Be able to explain why they have changed their mind e.g. opinion continuum.	Begin to summarise the opinion of one contributor. Know which strand they are practising and explain why that is important to effective talk.		
Year 4	Confidently summarise the contribution of one participant in a logical order.		Pause at appropriate points to allow for an audience's reaction, E.g in the comic poetry competition.		Take on the summariser role in a trio discussion. Show awareness of taught collocations and recognise when something 'just doesn't sound rig	ar E.	roject voice to the back of the hall nd maintain that without shouting. .g. during the play performance.	Cite evidence from the text or linked wider experiences when participating in discussions in reading lessons. Deliver a short teaching session to a small group of younger children.	Write own short contribution to be delivered during the showcase.		
Year 5	Use gestures effectively to engage and persuade the audience. E.g. when pitching ideas to the school council for the charity day. Self-assess own delivery of a short recorded presentation. Set targets to work on this year.		Write a coherent discussion text in response to a whole-class stimulus. Deliver that argument to a larger audience of their peers. (Yr grp)		Use effective exploratory and evaluative language to clarify thinking during a discussion.	pu U di	resent learning to parents in upil-led parent meetings. se evaluative stems to support the iscussion of successes and next teps.	Independently discuss a question in a small group, maintaining focus on the question and roles.	Chair discussion group of up to 6 pupils. Maintaining focus and use of appropriate sentence stems. Present the outcome of the discussion to the class.		

	Use humour appropriately and effectively to engage an audience.	the large hall and maintain volume and pitch through several short	Use wider world knowledge to support views when participating in debates. Deliver a short teaching session to a younger year group, noticing when the audience needs to be refocused or explanations need to be reworded.	Choose appropriately formal language when participating in debates and formal discussions. Structure a persuasive speech effectively using taught language techniques.	of voice effectively to persuade	Speak confidently and naturally to an audience of known and unknown adults during the end of year production.
--	---	---	--	---	----------------------------------	--

This document is the third iteration of our progression map for oracy. It is certainly not the final version. It is a work in progress, which we will continue to develop as we improve our delivery of oracy across the curriculum. I hope it is useful to people as a starting point for your own discussions. This map won't work in every school or every context; oracy is such a complex and context-dependent subject.

Where I hope it might be useful is in stimulating discussions about how the elements of oracy can be broken down into steps and a possible sequence for those steps. We are exploring the work by Voice 21 <a href="https://voice21.org/">https://voice21.org/</a>